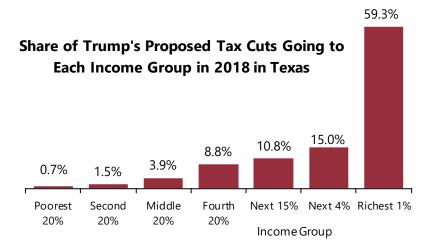


#### July 20, 2017

# Trump Tax Proposals Would Provide Richest One Percent in Texas with 59.3 Percent of the State's Tax Cuts

Earlier this year, the Trump administration released some broadly outlined proposals to overhaul the federal tax code. Households in Texas would not benefit equally from these proposals. The richest one percent of the state's taxpayers are projected to make an average income of \$2,019,900 in 2018. They would receive 59.3 percent of the tax cuts that go to Texas's residents and would enjoy an average cut of \$173,900 in 2018 alone.

Officials in the Trump administration have said that their tax plan will help the middleclass, but that is not true of the proposals they have put forward so far. For example, in Texas, the middle fifth of taxpayers in



Source: Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy (ITEP), July 2017

terms of income are projected to make an average income of \$50,500 in 2018. This group would receive just 3.9 percent of the tax cuts next year in Texas compared to the 59.3 percent of the tax cuts received by the richest one percent of the state's residents.

Richest 1%			\$173,900
Next 4%	\$11,000		
g. Next 15%	\$2,130	Average Tax Cut Under Trump Tax Proposals in 2018 in Texas	
O Next 15%			
Middle 20%	\$570		
<u>–</u> Second 20%	\$230		
Poorest 20%	\$100		

Figures rounded to the nearest ten dollars. Source: Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy (ITEP), July 2017

## Bottom 60 Percent of Taxpayers in Texas Would Receive Just 6.1 Percent of the Tax Cuts in the State

The bottom three-fifths of taxpayers (the lowest-income 60 percent of taxpayers) in Texas will all make less than \$63,100 in 2018. They would gain very little, just 6.1 percent of the tax cuts that go to residents in the state. The average tax cut for this group next year would be \$300, which is tiny compared to the average \$173,900 going to the richest one percent.

1616 P Street, NW Suite 200 • Washington, DC 20036 www.itep.org • 202.299.1066 Some middle-income taxpayers would even pay higher taxes under Trump's proposal. (See <u>ITEP's longer</u> report for more details.)

## Price Tag of Plan Would Mean Cuts in Public Investment that Working People Rely On

Trump's tax proposals would reduce total federal revenue by at least \$4.8 trillion over ten years. In the short-run this might just mean higher government deficits, but eventually Congress and the President would almost surely have to cut major programs like Medicare, Medicaid, food assistance and others to offset the costs. Low- and middle-income families would probably lose far more as a result than they gain from the small tax cuts President Trump would provide them.

#### Tax Cuts Can Be Measured in Several Ways, But This Plan Favors the Rich Under Any Measure

Politicians who propose tax cuts sometimes argue that no one should be surprised if they mostly benefit the rich. They argue that the rich make most of the income, so of course they receive most of the tax cuts.

But their argument is misleading. The richest one percent receive a larger tax cut than everyone else under Trump's proposals even when it is measured as a percentage of their income. In Texas, the richest one percent would receive a tax cut equal to 8.6 percent of their income. The bottom three-fifths of taxpayers in the state would receive a tax cut equal to just 0.9 percent of their income.

## The Trump Tax Proposals Included in These Figures

These are described in more detail in ITEP's longer report on the Trump tax proposals.

Repeal of the 3.8 percent tax on investment income for the rich.

Repeal of the Alternative Minimum Tax.

Repeal of personal exemptions and doubling of the standard deduction.

Replacement of current income tax brackets with three brackets, 10 percent, 25 percent, and 35 percent.

Elimination of all itemized deductions except those for charitable giving and home mortgage interest.

Special tax rate (15 percent) for businesses that do not pay the corporate income tax.

New deduction and tax credit for child care.

Repeal of special tax breaks for businesses and reduction in the corporate income tax rate from 35 percent to 15 percent. Repeal of the estate tax.

#### State Taxpayers **Tax Changes Average Changes** Income Income Range Average **Total Amount** Share of In dollars As a % of Pre-Group Income (in thousands) Tax Cuts Tax Income Poorest 20% Less than \$23,900 \$14.400 0.7% -0.7% \$-237,000 \$-100 Second 20% \$23,900 to \$39,900 31,600 -557,300 1.5% -230 -0.7% Middle 20% \$39,900 to \$63,100 50,500 -1,408,2003.9% -570 -1.1% Fourth 20% \$63,100 to \$108,300 82,900 -3,197,600 8.8% -1,290-1.6% Next 15% \$108,300 to \$237,600 151,500 -3,938,100 -2,130 -1.4% 10.8% Next 4% \$237.600 to \$696.400 361,700 -5,440,70015.0% -11,000 -3.0% \$696,400 and higher 2,019,900 -21,537,200 -173,900 -8.6% Richest 1% 59.3% ALL \$92,600 \$-36,316,200 100.0% \$ -2,920 -3.2% Bottom 60% Less than \$63,100 \$32,200 \$-2,202,500 6.1% \$ -300 -0.9%

#### Impacts of the Trump Tax Proposals in 2018 in Texas