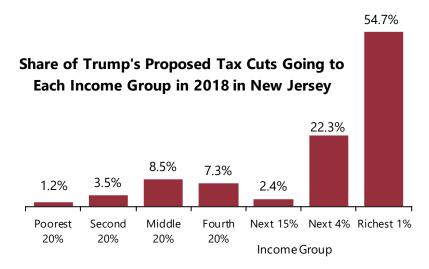


#### July 20, 2017

# Trump Tax Proposals Would Provide Richest One Percent in New Jersey with 54.7 Percent of the State's Tax Cuts

Earlier this year, the Trump administration released some broadly outlined proposals to overhaul the federal tax code. Households in New Jersey would not benefit equally from these proposals. The richest one percent of the state's taxpayers are projected to make an average income of \$3,101,200 in 2018. They would receive 54.7 percent of the tax cuts that go to New Jersey's residents and would enjoy an average cut of \$130,440 in 2018 alone.

Officials in the Trump administration have said that their tax plan will help the middleclass, but that is not true of the proposals they have put forward so far. For example, in



Source: Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy (ITEP), July 2017

New Jersey, the middle fifth of taxpayers in terms of income are projected to make an average income of \$61,900 in 2018. This group would receive just 8.5 percent of the tax cuts next year in New Jersey compared to the 54.7 percent of the tax cuts received by the richest one percent of the state's residents.

Richest 1%				\$130,440
Next 4%		\$12,700		
<u>a</u> Next 15%	\$370			
on Next 15% O Fourth 20%	\$840			
B Middle 20%	\$980		Average Tax Cut Under Trump Tax	
Second 20%	\$400		Proposals in 2018 in New Jersey	
Poorest 20%	\$140			

Figures rounded to the nearest ten dollars. Source: Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy (ITEP), July 2017

## Bottom 60 Percent of Taxpayers in New Jersey Would Receive Just 13.2 Percent of the Tax Cuts in the State

The bottom three-fifths of taxpayers (the lowest-income 60 percent of taxpayers) in New Jersey will all make less than \$77,800 in 2018. They would gain very little, just 13.2 percent of the tax cuts that go to residents in the state. The average tax cut for this group next year would be \$510, which is tiny compared to the average \$130,440 going to the richest one percent.

1616 P Street, NW Suite 200 • Washington, DC 20036 www.itep.org • 202.299.1066 Some middle-income taxpayers would even pay higher taxes under Trump's proposal. (See <u>ITEP's longer</u> report for more details.)

## Price Tag of Plan Would Mean Cuts in Public Investment that Working People Rely On

Trump's tax proposals would reduce total federal revenue by at least \$4.8 trillion over ten years. In the short-run this might just mean higher government deficits, but eventually Congress and the President would almost surely have to cut major programs like Medicare, Medicaid, food assistance and others to offset the costs. Low- and middle-income families would probably lose far more as a result than they gain from the small tax cuts President Trump would provide them.

#### Tax Cuts Can Be Measured in Several Ways, But This Plan Favors the Rich Under Any Measure

Politicians who propose tax cuts sometimes argue that no one should be surprised if they mostly benefit the rich. They argue that the rich make most of the income, so of course they receive most of the tax cuts.

But their argument is misleading. The richest one percent receive a larger tax cut than everyone else under Trump's proposals even when it is measured as a percentage of their income. In New Jersey, the richest one percent would receive a tax cut equal to 4.2 percent of their income. The bottom three-fifths of taxpayers in the state would receive a tax cut equal to just 1.3 percent of their income.

## The Trump Tax Proposals Included in These Figures

These are described in more detail in <u>ITEP's longer report</u> on the Trump tax proposals.

Repeal of the 3.8 percent tax on investment income for the rich.

Repeal of the Alternative Minimum Tax.

Repeal of personal exemptions and doubling of the standard deduction.

Replacement of current income tax brackets with three brackets, 10 percent, 25 percent, and 35 percent.

Elimination of all itemized deductions except those for charitable giving and home mortgage interest.

Special tax rate (15 percent) for businesses that do not pay the corporate income tax.

New deduction and tax credit for child care.

Repeal of special tax breaks for businesses and reduction in the corporate income tax rate from 35 percent to 15 percent. Repeal of the estate tax.

	State Taxpayers	Tax Changes		Average Changes		
Income	Income Range	Average	Total Amount	Share of	In dollars	As a % of Pre-
Group		Income	(in thousands)	Tax Cuts		Tax Income
Poorest 20%	Less than \$25,800	\$15,600	\$ -117,100	1.2%	\$ -140	-0.9%
Second 20%	\$25,800 to \$48,700	36,500	-343,200	3.5%	-400	-1.1%
Middle 20%	\$48,700 to \$77,800	61,900	-827,000	8.5%	-980	-1.6%
Fourth 20%	\$77,800 to \$138,100	104,900	-713,500	7.3%	-840	-0.8%
Next 15%	\$138,100 to \$328,700	197,100	-232,600	2.4%	-370	-0.2%
Next 4%	\$328,700 to \$1,105,200	512,200	-2,171,000	22.3%	-12,700	-2.5%
Richest 1%	\$1,105,200 and higher	3,101,200	-5,312,600	54.7%	-130,440	-4.2%
ALL		\$123,100	\$ -9,716,800	100.0%	\$ -2,280	-1.9%
Bottom 60%	Less than \$77,800	\$38,100	\$ -1,287,300	13.2%	\$ –510	-1.3%

#### Impacts of the Trump Tax Proposals in 2018 in New Jersey