

Child Tax Credit Options for Reducing Child Poverty

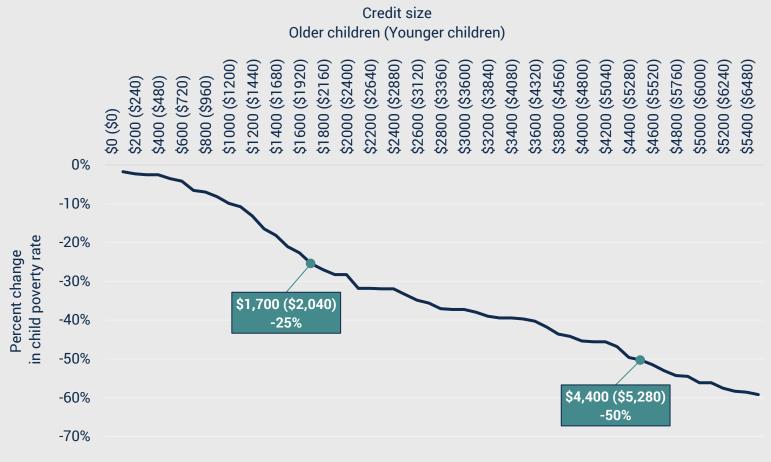


States have the policy tools available to them to drastically reduce child poverty. They can build on the track record of the expanded federal credit and create Child Tax Credits that include features key to the federal expansion's success. The options presented provide the potential impacts of state Child Tax Credits on poverty and the costs of these highly promising tax credits that would reduce state child poverty rates by 25 and 50 percent.

The available options present a broad, more universal, option and a narrower, more targeted, option. The former extends higher up the income scale and is available to more middle-class families, whereas the latter is directed toward families experiencing periods of low income. The accompanying individual state pages identify details of each credit option: the maximum benefit, overall cost, number of beneficiaries, number of children lifted out of poverty, the impacts of each policy across the income distribution and the anti-poverty effects associated with credits of varying amounts.

Please note that this analysis is intended to demonstrate scenarios for best practice CTC designs and their associated costs in each state to achieve significant poverty reduction. For states where Child Tax Credits already exist, the credit levels we show are not on top of existing credits, but in place of those credits to demonstrate the benefits and costs of the proposed policy design.

## Potential Impacts of State Child Tax Credit Amounts on Poverty Rates



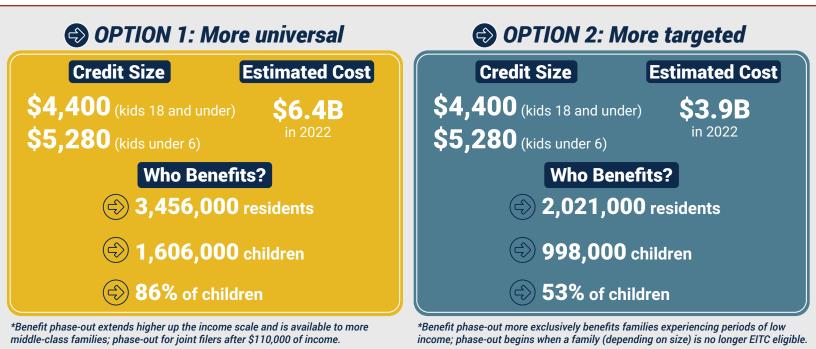
Source: Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy, Columbia Center on Poverty and Social Policy, 2022

# Child Tax Credit Options for 50% Reduction in Child Poverty

140,000 children lifted out of poverty

**NEW JERSEY** 





## Average tax change as percentage of income, by income group, 2022

Income range	Bottom 20% Less than \$30,200	<b>Second 20%</b> \$30,200 to \$58,900	<b>Middle 20%</b> \$58,900 to \$99,100	<b>Fourth 20%</b> \$99,100 to \$174,500	<b>Top 20%</b> \$174,500 & up			
Percentage of income	-10.7% -10.7%	-3.9% -3.7%	-1.7% -0.9%	-1.2% -0.2%	-0.2% 0%			
	Average tax cut for those benefitting							
	\$7,750	\$6,890	\$7,030	\$6,100	\$4,490			
	\$7,740	\$6,620	\$4,910	\$4,570	\$4,370			
	Share of total tax benefits going to group							
	24%	23%	18%	22%	12%			
	39%	37%	16%	5%	2%			

### ■ More universal ■ More targeted

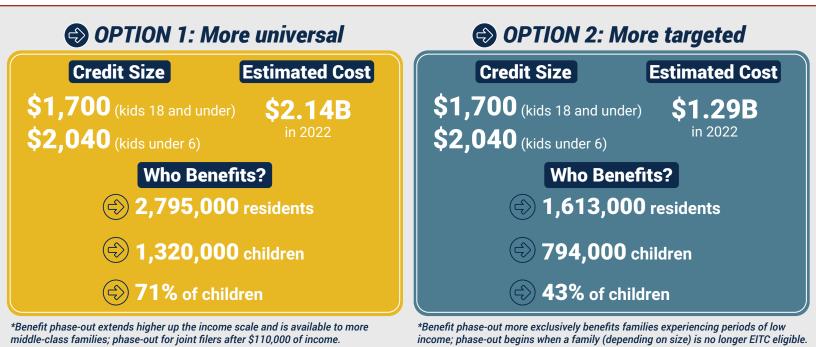
Source: Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy, Columbia Center on Poverty and Social Policy, 2022

# Child Tax Credit Options for 25% Reduction in Child Poverty

70,000 children lifted out of poverty







### Average tax change as percentage of income, by income group, 2022

Percentage of income	Bottom 20% Less than \$30,200 -4.1% -4.1%	Second 20% \$30,200 to \$58,900 -1.5% -1.3%	Middle 20% \$58,900 to \$99,100 -0.7% -0.2%	Fourth 20% \$99,100 to \$174,500 -0.4% 0%	Top 20% \$174,500 & up 0% 0%			
	Average tax cut for those benefitting							
	<mark>\$2,990</mark> \$2,980	<mark>\$2,660</mark> \$2,460	<mark>\$2,670</mark> \$2,100	<mark>\$2,280</mark> \$2,090	<mark>\$2,170</mark> \$2,790			
	Share of total tax benefits going to group							
	<mark>28%</mark> 45%	<mark>27%</mark> 40%	<mark>21%</mark> 10%	19% 2%	5% 1%			

#### ■ More universal ■ More targeted

Source: Institute on Taxation and Economic Policy, Columbia Center on Poverty and Social Policy, 2022